



YONSEI

Math-CSE Colloquium

Majority dynamics on sparse random graphs (Appendix: The book (신의 책))

김정한 교수
KIAS

Majority dynamics on a graph G is a deterministic process such that every vertex updates its ± 1 -assignment according to the majority assignment on its neighbor simultaneously at each step. Benjamini, Chan, O'Donnell, Tamuz and Tan conjectured that, in the Erdős-Rényi random graph $G(n, p)$, the random initial ± 1 -assignment converges to a 99%-agreement with high probability whenever $p = \omega(1/n)$.

This conjecture was first confirmed for $p \geq \lambda n^{-1/2}$ for a large constant λ by Fountoulakis, Kang and Makai. Although this result has been reproved recently by Tran and Vu and by Berkowitz and Devlin, it was unknown whether the conjecture holds for $p < \lambda n^{-1/2}$. We break this $\Omega(n^{-1/2})$ -barrier by proving the conjecture for sparser random graphs $G(n, p)$, where $\lambda' n^{-3/5} \log n \leq p \leq \lambda n^{-1/2}$ with a large constant $\lambda' > 0$.

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Sci Building #225

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